1 ACTIVE LISTENING

Dr. Kirsten Woodend Trent University

2 Active listening – what is it?

- A person's willingness and ability to hear and understand
- An exchange between people
- Takes practice (which is why we don't use it regularly)

- 3 Active listening skills

4 Pay attention

- 1 Your frame of mind
 - Be present
 - Remember your intention (to connect & understand)
 - Work from a place of respect
 - Be comfortable being silent
 - Prepare to accurately summarize the other person's ideas, concerns, and feelings
- 2 Body language
 - Maintain eye contact
 - Show interest
 - Maintain open body position and posture
 - Give nonverbal affirmations
 - The other person
 - Pay close attention to their nonverbal and verbal behaviour

5 Hold Judgment

- 6 Reflect
 - Paraphrase information

- "What I am hearing is"
- 'Let me make sure I understand what you are saying."
- Paraphrase emotion
 - "You seem to have doubts about..."
 - "It seems to me that you are feeling very happy about..."
 - "Sounds as if you're feeling pretty frustrated and stuck"

7 Clarify

- Open ended questions
 - "What are your thoughts on ...?"
 - "What led you to draw this conclusion?"
 - "What would happen next?"
- Clarifying questions
 - "Let me see if I'm clear. Are you talking about...?"
 - "I must have missed something. Could you repeat that?"
- Probing questions
 - "More specifically, what are some of the things you've tried?"

8 Summarize

- Brief restatement of the core themes
 - Helps people see their key themes
 - Solidifies your understanding of their perspectives
- You might start this by saying:
 - "It sounds as if your main concern is...."
 - "These seem to be the key points you have expressed"
- You may also ask the other person to summarize
 - " What have you heard so far?"

9 Share

- As an active listener you are an active party in the conversation
- You can introduce your ideas, feelings, suggestions and address and his concerns once you gain a clearer understanding of the other perspective

■ Examples:

- "You're telling me... triggered the thought that....."
- " May I share something similar?"

10 - Barriers to active listening

11 🔲 Your challenges to active listening

- Look back at the assessment you completed on your listening skill
- Target those questions for which you indicated "often" or "very often"

Use some of the suggestions presented here and on the web page where the quiz appeared to work on those challenges and develop your skills

12 Tips and tricks to improve your listening

13 More tips & tricks

14 More tips & tricks

- Interrupting / showing signs of impatience....
 - Focus on what is being said, not what you want to say
 - Allow time to formulate your response after the other person finishes speaking
- Giving advice too soon....
 - Consider that the other person may just need to be heard and understood
 - Ask open-ended questions that encourage the other person to offer ideas.
 - Don't be afraid of silence
- Telling people not to feel the way they do.
 - Feelings are real for those experiencing them
 - Acknowledge the other person's feelings; include them in your interpretation of what's occurring

15 More tips & tricks

16 More tips & tricks

- Discomfort when the other person expresses emotions
 - Remember that emotions can provide important information
 - Name the emotions as you notice them: "You seem worried about.... Tell me more about it."
- Difficulty understanding what people are trying to say.
 - Use open-ended, clarifying, and probing questions.
 - If others are present, ask someone else to state what he or she heard.

17 Summary

- There are many benefits of active listening for those in leadership
 - Improved working relationships which are based on trust, respect, and honesty
 - Better information on which to base decisions/actions
- Leaders can become more effective listeners by learning the skills and behaviours of active listening
- Active listening improves the ability to lead

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